## Minimal graphs containing $\boldsymbol{k}$ perfect matchings

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Let $G$ be a graph. An odd subdivision of a graph $G$ is obtained by replacing every edge of $G$ with a path of odd length connecting its endvertices, so that these paths are internally disjoint. The replacement paths may also be of length one, making a graph an odd subdivision of itself.

Assuming $G^{\prime}$ is an odd subdivision of $G$ there exists a natural bijective correspondence between perfect matchings in $G$ and those in $G^{\prime}$.

A graph $G$ is minimally $k$-matchable if it has at least $k$ distinct perfect matchings but deleting an arbitrary edge results in a graph which has fewer than $k$ perfect matchings.

Let $k \geq 1$ be an integer. We show that there exists a finite set of graphs $\mathcal{G}_{k}$ so that every minimally $k$-matchable graph is isomorphic to a disjoint union of an odd subdivision of some graph from $\mathcal{G}_{k}$ and several copies of $K_{2}$.

